Private Law 85-561

JOINT RESOLUTION

To waive certain provisions of section 212 (a) of the Immigration and Nationality

Act in behalf of certain aliens.

August 14, 1958 [H. J. Res. 618]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Anna Janina Byczko-Maszko, Epifania Gitto, and Karla Krug may be issued visas and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if they are found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: Provided, That suitable and proper bonds or undertakings, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

Sec. 2. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Giovanna Tomatis may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if she is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that

Act.

SEC. 3. In the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Maria Schreiblehner, the fiancée of Billy Lee Boren, a citizen of the United States, and her minor child, Rosalinde Marion Lee-Schreiblehner, shall be eligible for visas as nonimmigrant temporary visitors for a period of three months: Provided, That the administrative authorities find that the said Maria Schreiblehner is coming to the United States with a bona fide intention of being married to the said Billy Lee Boren and that they are found otherwise admissible under the immigration laws, except that the provisions of section 212 (a) (9) and (12) of the Immigration and Nationality Act shall be inapplicable in the case of the said Maria Schreiblehner. In the event the marriage between the above-named persons does not occur within three months after the entry of the said Maria Schreiblehner and her minor child, Rosalinde Marion Lee-Schreiblehner, they shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported in accordance with the provisions of sections 242 and 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event that the marriage between the above-named persons shall occur within three months after the entry of the said Maria Schreiblehner and her minor child, Rosalinde Marion Lee-Schreiblehner, the Attorney General is authorized and directed to record the lawful admission for permanent residence of the said Maria Schreiblehner and her minor child, Rosalinde Marion Lee-Schreiblehner, as of the date of the payment by them of the required visa fees.

Sec. 4. The exemptions provided for in this Act shall apply only to grounds for exclusion of which the Department of State or the Department of Justice had knowledge prior to the enactment of

this Act.

Approved August 14, 1958.

Private Law 85-562

JOINT RESOLUTION

To facilitate the admission into the United States of certain aliens.

August 14, 1958 [H. J. Res. 628]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nation-

Anna J. Byczko-Maszko and others. 66 Stat. 182. 8 USC 1182.

8 USC 1183. Giovanna Tomatis. 8 USC 1182.

Maria Schreiblehner and child.

8 USC 1182.

8 USC 1252, 1253.

Alexandra Laz-

66 Stat. 169, 180. 8 U S C 1101,

Ornella Buratto. 8 USC 1101, 1155.

Grigorios and Stavroula Pappanicoulos. 8 USC 1101,

Francesco V. Seneca. 8 USC 1153, 1155.

Harry Goldenberg, 8 USC 1153, 1155.

Sheils A. Weekes. 8 U S C 1101, 1155.

Anton Martinelli. 8 USC 1101, 1155.

Masako Onta. 8 USC 1101 note.

8 USC 1252,

Tokiko Takahashi. 8 USC 1101 note.

ality Act, the minor child, Alexandra Lazarides, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Nick Lazarides, citizens of the United States.

Sec. 2. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Ornella Buratto, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Pilotto, citizens of the United States.

Sec. 3. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor children, Grigorios (Papanikolaou) Pappanicoulos and Stavroula (Papanikolaou) Pappanicoulos, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien children of Mr. and Mrs. Constantinos Pappanicoulos, citizens of the United States.

Sec. 4. For the purposes of sections 203 (a) (3) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Francesco Villanti Seneca, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Felice Seneca, lawfully resident aliens of the United States.

Sec. 5. For the purposes of sections 203 (a) (3) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Harry (Zwi) Goldenberg (Sponder), shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Sponder, lawfully resident aliens of the United States.

Sec. 6. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Sheila Anita (Daniel) Weekes, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Rufus Daniel, a citizen of the United States.

Sec. 7. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Anton Martinelli, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mrs. Fiorinda Martinelli, a citizen of the United States.

of Mrs. Fjorinda Martinelli, a citizen of the United States.
Sec. 8. The natural parents of the beneficiaries of sections 3, 4, 5, and 7 of this Act shall not, by virtue of such parentage, be accorded any right, privilege, or status under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

Sec. 9. In the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Masako Onta, the fiancée of Dean Potter, a citizen of the United States, shall be eligible for a visa as a nonimmigrant temporary visitor for a period of three months: Provided, That the administrative authorities find that the said Masako Onta is coming to the United States with a bona fide intention of being married to the said Dean Potter and that she is found otherwise admissible under the immigration laws. In the event the marriage between the above-named persons does not occur within three months after the entry of the said Masako Onta, she shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported in accordance with the provisions of sections 242 and 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event that the marriage between the above-named persons shall occur within three months after the entry of the said Masako Onta, the Attorney General is authorized and directed to record the lawful admission for permanent residence of the said Masako Onta as of the date of the payment by her of the required visa fee.

Sec. 10. In the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Tokiko Takahashi, the fiancée of Larry R. Nordstrom, a citizen of the United States, shall be eligible for a visa as a nonimmigrant temporary visitor for a period of three months: *Provided*, That the administrative authorities find that the said Tokiko Takahashi is coming to the United States with a bona fide intention of being married to the said Larry R. Nordstrom and that she is found other-

wise admissible under the immigration laws. In the event the marriage between the above-named persons does not occur within three months after the entry of the said Tokiko Takahashi, she shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported in accordance with the provisions of sections 242 and 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event that the marriage between the above-named persons shall occur within three months after the entry of the said Tokiko Takahashi, the Attorney General is authorized and directed to record the lawful admission for permanent residence of the said Tokiko Takahashi as of the date of the payment by her of the required visa fee.

8 USC 1252, 1253.

Approved August 14, 1958.

Private Law 85-563

AN ACT

For the relief of Charles T. Crowder.

August 14, 1958 [H. R. 1283]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Charles T. Crowder of Suffolk, Virginia, the sum of \$5,948.69. The payment of such sum shall be in full settlement of all claims of Charles T. Crowder against the United States arising out of losses incurred by him as a result of his failure to include in his bids for Post Office Department Star Route contracts an amount equal to the Commonwealth of Virginia's gross receipts road tax on operations covered by such contracts: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000. Approved August 14, 1958.

Charles T. Crowder.

Private Law 85-564

AN ACT

For the relief of Ralph N. Meeks.

August 14, 1958 [H. R. 1317]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Ralph N. Meeks, Jacksonville, Florida, is hereby relieved of liability to refund to the United States all or any part of the sum of \$17,458.59. Such sum represents the amount of retired pay allegedly overpaid to the said Ralph N. Meeks (a retired naval officer) for the period beginning November 1, 1946, and ending October 31, 1954, while he was employed by the United States in a civilian capacity at the naval air station, Jacksonville, Florida, and was receiving compensation and retired pay from the United States at a combined annual rate in excess of that permitted by law. In the audit and settlement of the accounts of any certifying or disbursing officer of the United States, full credit shall be given for the amount for which liability is relieved by this Act.

Ralph N. Meeks.